5. (Amended) An SCR system according to [any one of the preceding claims] claim 1, further comprising [also] means to cool gases upstream of the SCR catalyst.

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6. (Amended) An SCR system according to claim 5, further comprising [also] control means such that said gas cooling means is activated only when a high SCR catalyst temperature is detected or conditions are determined that are expected to lead to high catalyst temperatures.

containing NO, and particulates, said SCR system comprising an oxidation catalyst effective to convert at least a portion of NO in said NO, to NO, thereby enhancing

the NO₂ content of the exhaust gas, a particulate trap, a source of reductant fluid, injection means for said reductant fluid located downstream of said particulate trap

9. (Amended) A method of reducing pollutants, including

particulates and NQ, in a gas [streams] stream, comprising passing [such] said gas

stream over an oxidation catalyst under conditions effective to convert at least a

content of the gas stream, removing at least a portion of said particulates in a

portion of NO in the gas stream to NO₂ [and enhance] thereby enhancing the NO₂

particulate trap, reacting trapped particulate with NO2, adding reductant fluid to the

gas stream to form a gas mixture downstream of said trap, and passing the gas

[according to any one of claims 1 to 5] for treating combustion exhaust gas

7. (Amended) A diesel engine provided with an SCR system

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8. (Amended) A [light duty] diesel engine according to claim [6] 7, wherein the volume of the exhaust gas after-treatment system is reduced and the diesel engine is light duty.\

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mixture over an SCR catalyst under NO_x reduction conditions.

and an SCR catalyst.

11. (Amended) A method according to claims 9 [or 10], wherein the [gases are] gas stream or gas mixture is cooled[, if necessary,] before reaching the SCR catalyst.